

Pressure sensors

Absolute pressure transducers

Series/Type: AT2 series Ordering code: B58610T*

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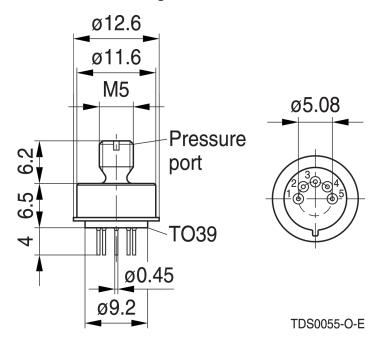
Description

 Pressure transmitters are based on our inhouse designed and produced piezo-resistive pressure sensing elements (MEMS Technology)

Features

- Suitable media for absolute measurement: Air, non-aggressive gases (gas humidity 0 to 85% r.h. without dew)
- Unsuitable for substances which react with glass, silicon, gold, aluminum, stainless steel, silicone glue or silicone gel
- Whetstone bridge with mV output, proportional to pressure and ratiometric to supply voltage
- RoHS-compatible
- TO39 package for PCB mounting

Dimensional drawings



Dimensions in mm



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Technical data

Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Temperature	•	•	·	•	·	•
Storage temperature	T _{st}	1)	-40		+125	°C
Operating temperature	Ta	2)	-30		+85	°C
Soldering temperature	T _{solder}	<5 s (no reflow soldering)			+240	°C
Supply voltage /-current			•		•	•
Supply voltage	V_{DD}	5)			10	V
DC voltage resistance	Vis	6)	500			V
	1	1	1	1	1	
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Offset / bridge resistance @ Ta =	25 °C, V _{DD} :	= 5 V				
Bridge resistance	Rs	(Pin 2-4)	2.6	3.3	4.0	kΩ
Offset	V ₀	7)	-30	0	+30	mV
Data in temperature range @ Ta :	= –30 85 °	C, V _{DD} = 5 V	-	•		
Temperature hysteresis		10)		±0.1	±0.5	% FS
Temperature coefficients of the bridge resistance	α _{Rs}	11)	2.0	2.3	2.6	10 ⁻³ /k
	β _{Rs}		3	5	8	10 ⁻⁶ /k
Temperature coefficients of the	αs	12)	-2.5	-2.2	-1.9	10 ⁻³ /k
sensitivity	βs		3	5	8	10 ⁻⁶ /k
Temperature coefficient of offset	TCV ₀	13)		±4		μV/VI

Data dependent on rated pressure @ T_a = 25 °C, V_{DD} = 5 V

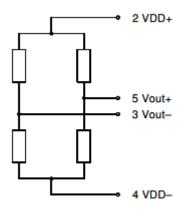
Rated pressure pr 3)	TCV ₀ ¹³⁾	Sensitivity S 8)		Non-linearity 9)		Over pressure pov 4)	
bar	Max. μV/VK	Min. mV/bar	Typ. mV/bar	Max. mV/bar.	Typ. % FS	Max. % FS	Min. bar
1.600	±10	45	70	95			4
4.000	±10	23	31	38	±0.2	±0.3	6
25.00	±10	4.1	5	5.9			37.5



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Terminal assignment



Pin	Symbol	Terminal assignment
1	n.c.	Do not connect
2	V _{DD+}	Supply voltage
3	$V_{\text{out-}}$	Output voltage
4	V_{DD-}	Supply voltage
5	V_{out+}	Output voltage

Type designation

Rated pressure and ordering codes

Rated pressure pr 3)	Product type	Ordering code
bar		
1.600	ATA 1.600 MA0 HG	B58610T4600A001
4.000	ATA 4.000 MA0 HG	B58610T4600A003
10.00	ATA 10.00 MA0 HG	B58610T4600A005
25.00	ATA 25.00 MA0 HG	B58610T4600A007



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4. Symbols and terms

1) Storage temperature range T_{st}

A storage of the pressure sensor within the temperature range $T_{st,min}$ up to $T_{st,max}$ and without applied pressure and supply voltage will not affect the performance of the pressure sensor.

2) Operating temperature range Ta

An operation of the pressure sensor within the temperature range $T_{a,min}$ up to $T_{a,max}$ will not affect the performance of the pressure sensor.

3) Rated pressure pr

Within the rated pressure range 0 up to pr the signal output characteristic corresponds to this specification.

4) Over pressure pov

Pressure cycles within the pressure range 0 up to pov will not affect the performance of the pressure sensor.

5) Supply voltage V_{DD}

 $V_{DD,max}$ is the maximum permissible supply voltage, which can be applied without damages. The output voltage V_{out} is ratiometric ($V_{out} \sim V_{DD}$).

6) DC voltage resistance Vis

The pressure sensor withstands a high voltage between the stainless steel pressure connection and the electrical connection V_{DD} and V_{out} (all short circuited) without damage.

7) Offset V₀

The offset V_0 is the signal output $V_{out}(p = 0)$ at zero pressure.

8) Sensitivity S

Within the pressure range 0 up to p_r the output voltage is $V_{out}(p_x) = V_0 + S \cdot p_x$

9) Non-linearity L (including pressure hysteresis)

The non-linearity is the deviation of the real sensor characteristic V_{out} = f(p) from the ideal straight line.

It can be approximated by a polynomial of second order, with the maximum at $p_x = p_r / 2$.

The equation to calculate the non-linearity is:

$$L = \frac{V_{out}(p_x) - V_0}{V_{out}(p_r) - V_0} - \frac{p_x}{p_r}$$

10) Temperature hysteresis

The temperature hysteresis is the change of offset, starting from the value at 25 °C after a temperature change and return to 25 °C. Determined during temperature cycles in operating temperature range (cycles with 1 K/min). (Full Scale): FS = $V_{FS} = S \cdot p_r$

¹¹⁾ Temperature coefficients of the bridge resistance α_{RS} , β_{RS}

Bridge resistance at temperature T_x : $R_S(T_x) = R_S(25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}) \cdot [1 + \alpha_{RS} \cdot (T_x - 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}) + \beta_{RS} \cdot (T_x - 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C})^2]$ Values are valid within the operating temperature range $T_{a,min}$ up to $T_{a,max}$ Out of the operating temperature range, the deviation may increase.

¹²⁾ Temperature coefficients of the sensitivity α_S , β_S

Sensitivity at temperature T_x : $S(T_x) = S(25 \, ^{\circ}C) \cdot [1 + \alpha_S \cdot (T_x - 25 \, ^{\circ}C) + \beta_S \cdot (T_x - 25 \, ^{\circ}C)^2]$ Values are valid within the operating temperature range $T_{a,min}$ up to $T_{a,max}$ Out of the operating temperature range, the deviation may increase.

13) Temperature coefficients of offset TCV₀

Offset at temperature T_x : $V_0(T_x) = V_0(25~^{\circ}C) + TCV_0 \cdot (T_x - 25~^{\circ}C) \cdot V_{DD}$ Values are valid within the operating temperature range $T_{a,min}$ up to $T_{a,max}$ Out of the operating temperature range, the deviation may increase.



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Cautions and warnings

Storage (general)

All pressure sensors should be stored in their original packaging. They should not be placed in harmful environments such as corrosive gases nor exposed to heat or direct sunlight, which may cause deformations. Similar effects may result from extreme storage temperatures and climatic conditions. Avoid storing the sensor dies in an environment where condensation may form or in a location exposed to corrosive gases, which will adversely affect their performance. Plastic materials should not be used for wrapping/packing when storing or transporting these dies, as they may become charged. Pressure sensor dies should be used soon after opening their seal and packaging.

Operation (general)

Media compatibility with the pressure sensors must be ensured to prevent their failure. The use of other media can cause damage and malfunction. Never use pressure sensors in atmospheres containing explosive liquids or gases.

Ensure pressure equalization to the environment, if gauge pressure sensors are used. Avoid operating the pressure sensors in an environment where condensation may form or in a location exposed to corrosive gases. These environments adversely affect their performance.

If the operating pressure is not within the rated pressure range, it may change the output characteristics. This may also happen with pressure sensor dies if an incorrect mounting method is used. Be sure that the applicable pressure does not exceed the over pressure, as it may damage the pressure sensor.

Do not exceed the maximum rated supply voltage nor the rated storage temperature range, as it may damage the pressure sensor.

Temperature variations in both the ambient conditions and the media (liquid or gas) can affect the accuracy of the output

signal from the pressure sensors. Be sure to check the operating temperature range and thermal error specification of the pressure sensors to determine their suitability for the application.

Connections must be wired in accordance with the terminal assignment specified in the data sheets. Care should be taken as reversed pin connections can damage the pressure transmitters or degrade their performance. Contact between the pressure sensor terminals and metals or other materials may cause errors in the output characteristics.

Design notes (dies)

This specification describes the mechanical, electrical and physical requirements of a piezoresistive sensor die for measuring pressure. The specified parameters are valid for the pressure sensor die with pressure application either to the front or back side of the diaphragm as described in the data sheet. Pressure application to the other side may result in differing data. Most of the parameters are influenced by assembly conditions. Hence these parameters and the reliability have to be specified for each specific application and tested over its temperature range by the customer.



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Handling/ Mounting (dies)

Pressure sensor dies should be handled appropriately and not be touched with bare hands. They should only be picked up manually by the sides using tweezers. Their top surface should never be touched with tweezers. Latex gloves should not be used for handling them, as this will inhibit the curing of the adhesive used to bond the die to the carrier. When handling, be careful to avoid cuts caused by the sharp-edged terminals. The sensor die must not be contaminated during manufacturing processes (gluing, soldering, silk-screen process).

The package of pressure sensor dies should not to be opened until the die is mounted and should be closed after use. The sensor die must not be cleaned. The sensor die must not be damaged during the assembly process (especially scratches on the diaphragm).

Soldering (transducers, transmitters)

The thermal capacity of pressure sensors is normally low, so steps should be taken to minimize the effects of external heat. High temperatures may lead to damage or changes in characteristics.

A non-corrosive type of flux resin should normally be used and complete removal of the flux is recommended. Avoid rapid cooling due to dipping in solvent. Note that the output signal may change if pressure is applied to the terminals during soldering.

This listing does not claim to be complete, but merely reflects the experience of TDK Electronics AG.

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Important notes

8. The trade names EPCOS, CarXield, CeraCharge, CeraDiode, CeraLink, CeraPad, CeraPlas, CSMP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, ExoCore, FilterCap, FormFit, LeaXield, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKD, MKK, ModCap, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, PowerHap, PQSine, PQvar, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, ThermoFuse, WindCap, XieldCap are **trademarks registered or pending** in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/trademarks.

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