



SMT Drive Transformer

EP 7 series

Series/Type:
Ordering code: B78417A*
Date: January 2024

Construction

- Ferrite core MnZn
- SMD Gull wing pins
- Plastic bobbin UL94-V0

Features

- Maximum height 10.5 mm
- Flat inductance curve vs. wide temperature
- 2500 V RMS withstand voltage
- RoHS compatible
- Qualified to AEC-Q200


Applications

- DC/DC power supplies
- Push-pull converters
- Gate drive transformers for IGBT / MOSFET

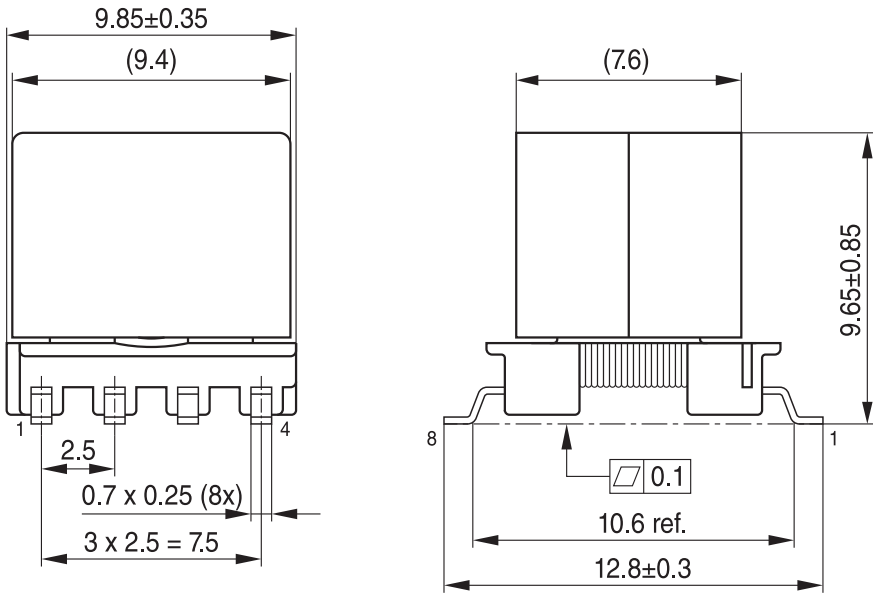
Marking

- Product brand, middle block of ordering code, date code, pin 1 marker, production place identification code

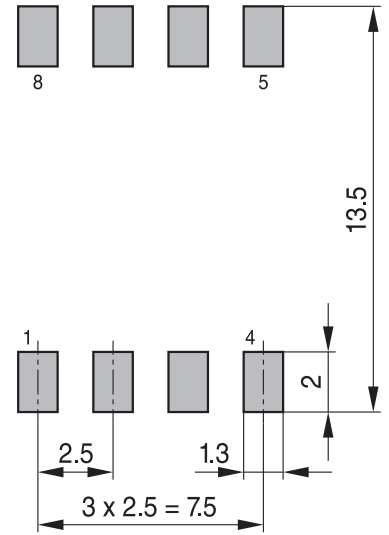
Delivery mode and packing units

- Blister tape
- Packing unit: 375 pcs. / reel

Dimensional drawing and Layout Recommendation



Recommended PCB layout (Top view)

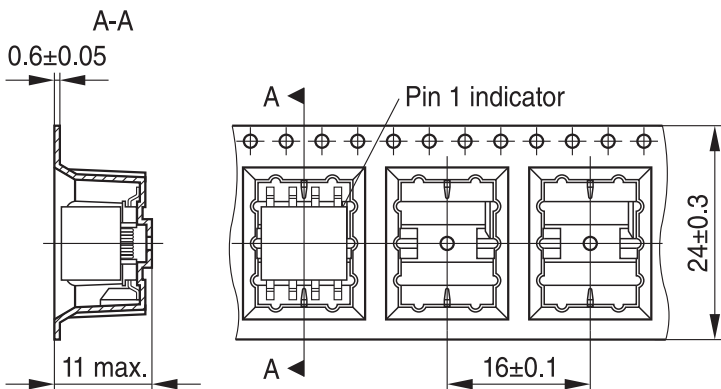


Dimensions in mm

IND2164-F-E

IND2178-T-E

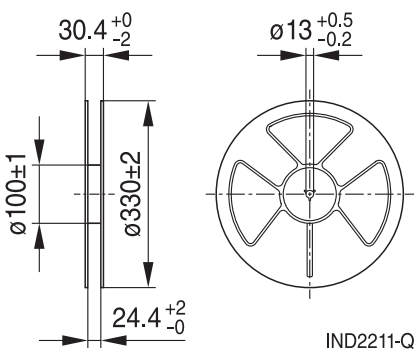
Blister tape



User feed direction

IND2210-P-E

Reel



Electrical Measurement Data

All data is specified @ +25 °C if not mentioned otherwise. All values without tolerance are typical values

Turns ratio	Typical operational frequency kHz	L_{N1}		$L_{LEAK, N1}$	C_p	I_{RMS} (per winding) ¹⁾	Ordering code
		Min. (μH)	Nom. (μH)	μH	pF	mA	
1 : 1	100...400	200	372	1	7	400	B78417A2371A003
1 : 1 : 1 : 1		680	1050	18	2	350	B78417A2500A003
1 : 1 : 0.55 : 0.27		1030	2300	30	3.5	200	B78417A2137A003
1 : 1 : 0.72 : 0.72		85	157	8	2	350	B78417A2372A003

1) R_{TH} value of the component is 127.5 K/W.

Continued table

Recommended IC	$R_{DC, N1}$	$R_{DC, N2}$	$R_{DC, N3}$	$R_{DC, N4}$	$V \cdot t$ (max, unipolar/ bipolar) ¹⁾	Ordering code
	mΩ	mΩ	mΩ	mΩ	μVs	
LT6804	620	690	--	--	30/60	B78417A2371A003
MAX17841	450	450	450	450	55/110	B78417A2500A003
	2000	600	350	--	88/166	B78417A2137A003
SN6501	250	270	210	195	17/34	B78417A2372A003

1) $T \leq 150$ °C, $\hat{B} = 200$ mT, $\Delta B = 400$ mT (bipolar mode).

The maximum volt-sec rating limits the peak flux density to $\hat{B} = 200$ mT when used in a unipolar drive application.

For bipolar drive applications, a maximum volt-sec of two times is acceptable ($\Delta B = 400$ mT)

Referenced figures

Ref. circuit diagram	Ref. topology	Ref. Fig. Z vs I	Ref. Fig. L vs T	Ordering code
Figure 1	B2, B3	Z1	T1	B78417A2371A003
Figure 2	B1	Z2	T2	B78417A2500A003
Figure 3	B1	Z3	T3	B78417A2137A003
Figure 2	B1	Z4	T4	B78417A2372A003

High Voltage Capability Data.

HV - Primary / Secondary Routine test: 50 Hz, 1 sec; Type test: 50 Hz, 1 min	V AC	2500
Partial Discharge Extinction Voltage Primary / Secondary Type test	V _{PEAK}	800
R iso @ 500 V DC, 1 min	MΩ	100

Storage and other characteristics.

Storage conditions (packaged)	-25 °C ... +40 °C, humidity ≤ 75% RH (avg.)
Resistance to reflow soldering heat	In accordance with JEDEC J-STD-020E T _{peak} = +245 °C (T _{peak} -5 °C for 30 s)
Solderability (lead-free)	Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: +(245 ±3) °C, (3 ±0.3) s Wetting of soldering area ≥ 95% (to IEC 60068-2-58, test Td1, method 1)
Operating temperature range	-40 °C ... +150 °C (component)
Weight	Approx. 2 g

Circuit Diagram

Figure 1

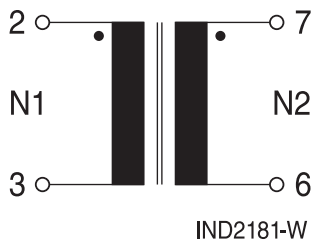


Figure 3

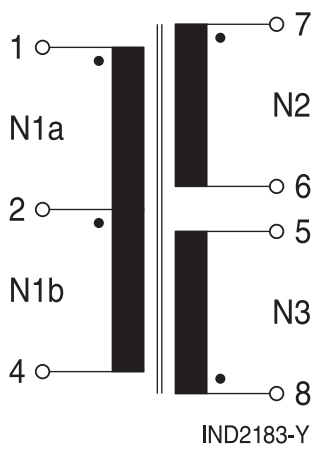
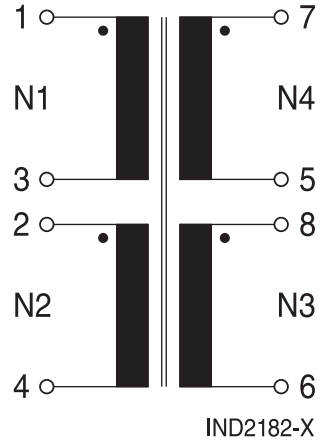
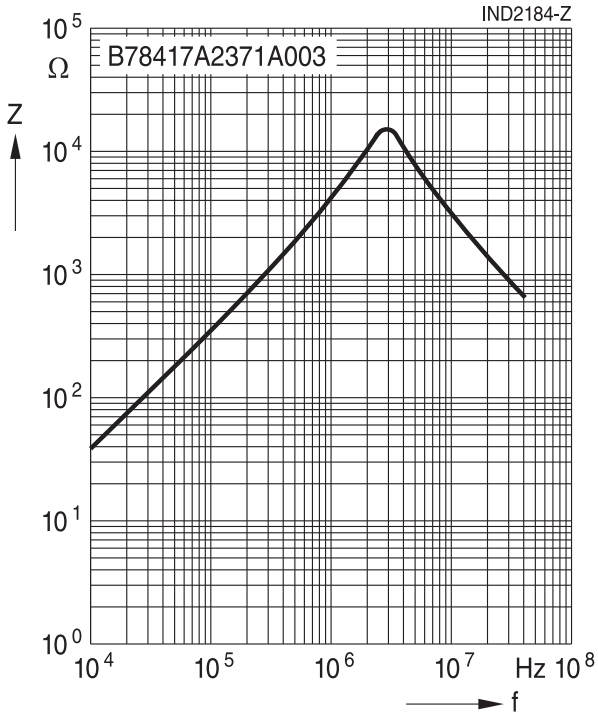


Figure 2

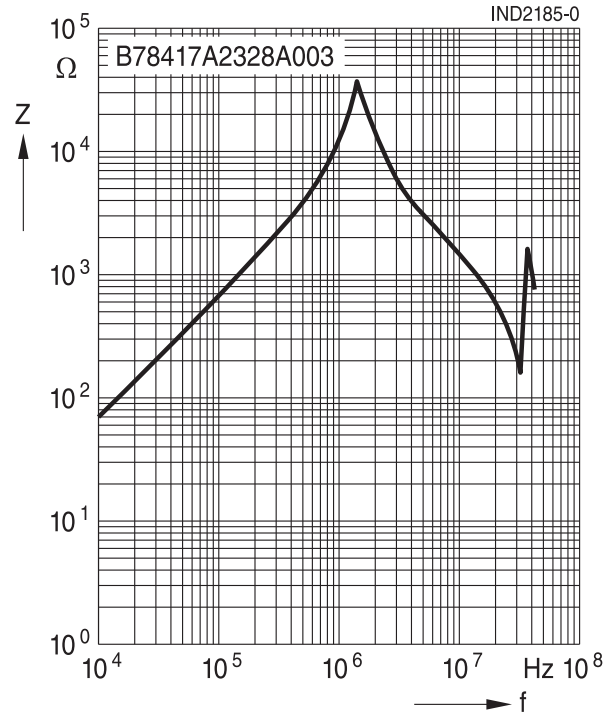


Impedance vs Frequency graphs: Impedance (N1)

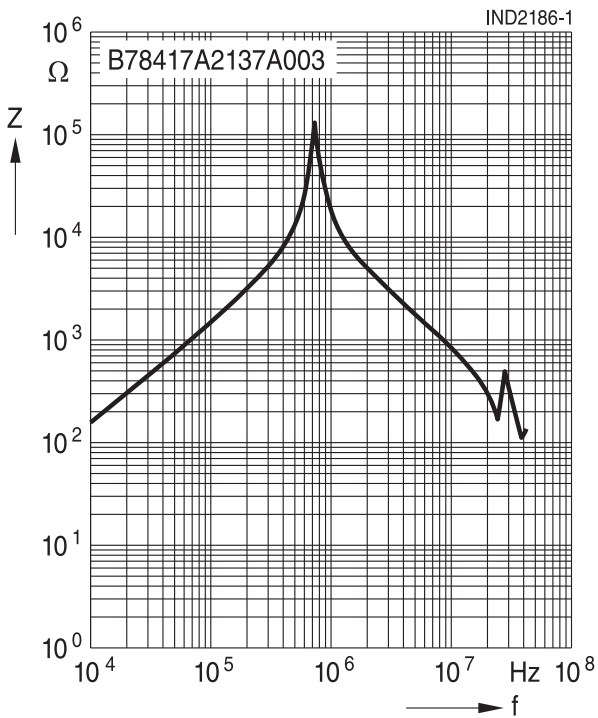
Z1



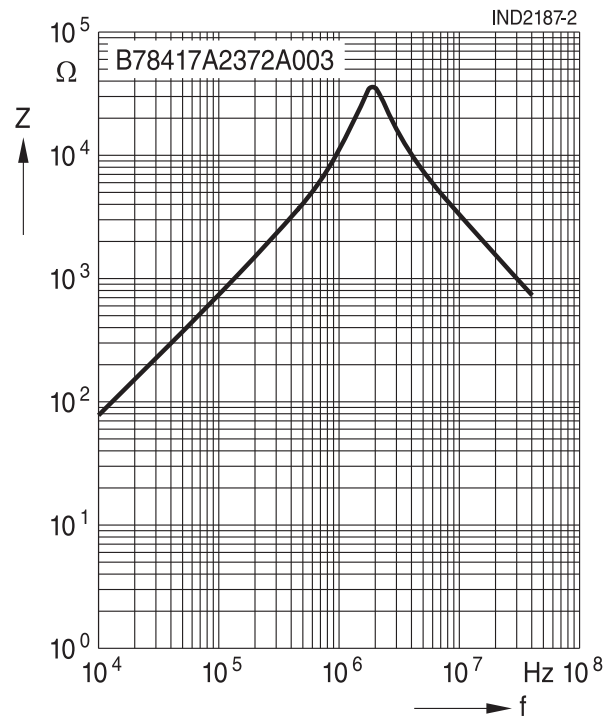
Z2



Z3

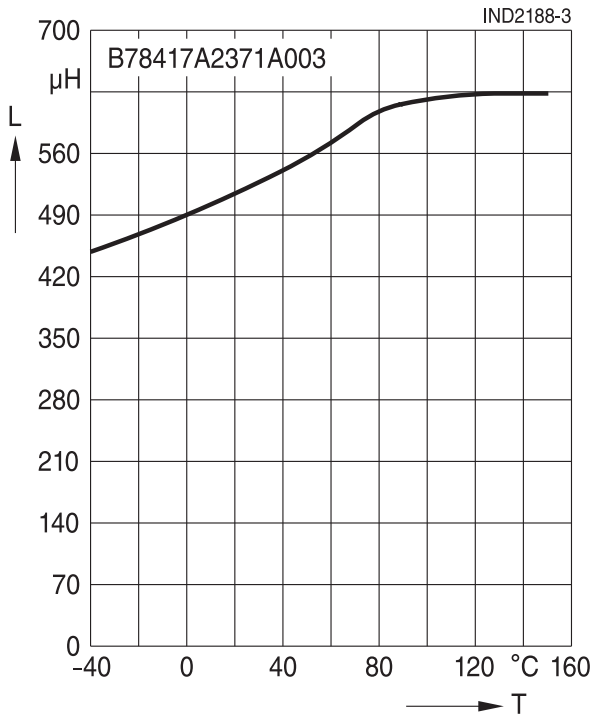


Z4

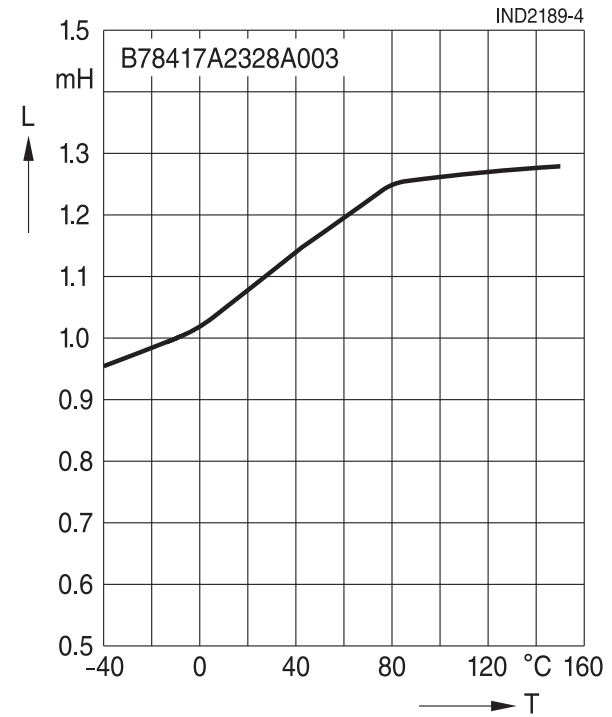


Inductance vs Temperature graphs: Inductance (N1)

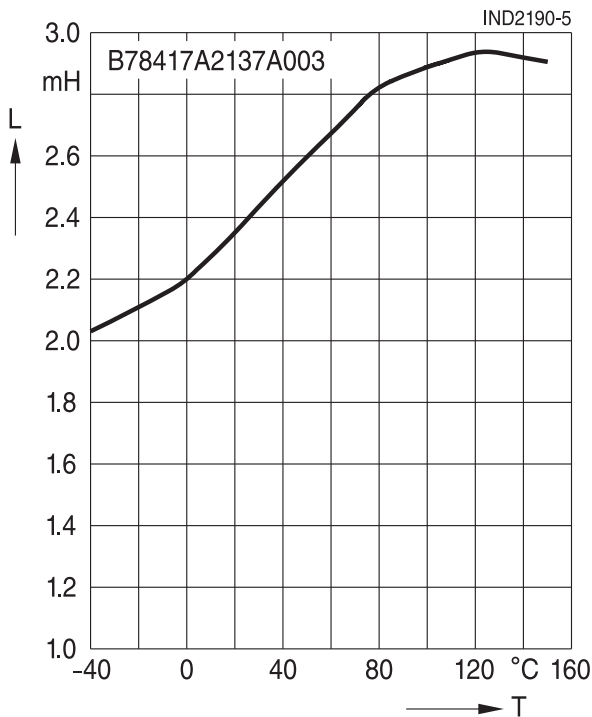
T1



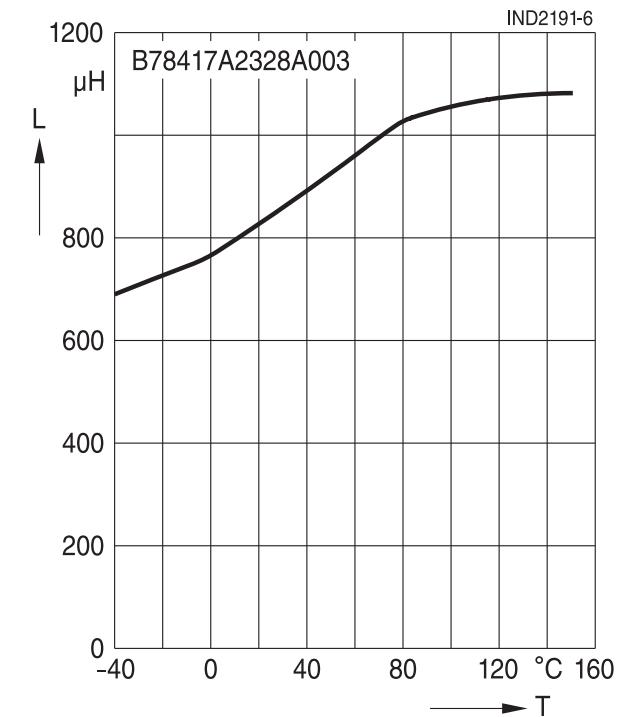
T2



T3

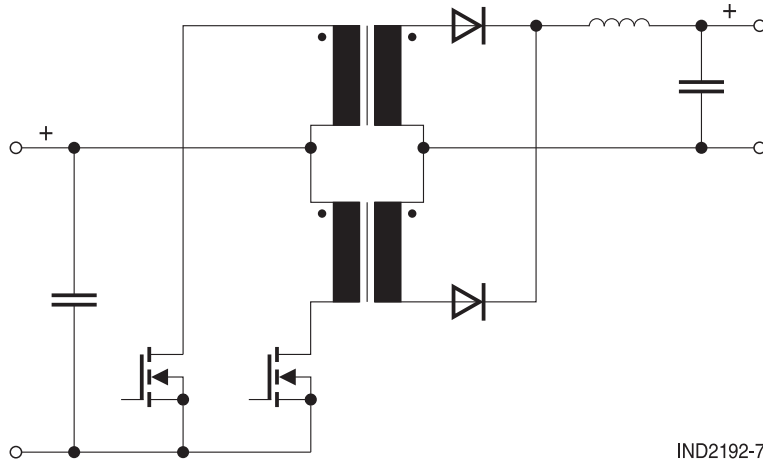


T4

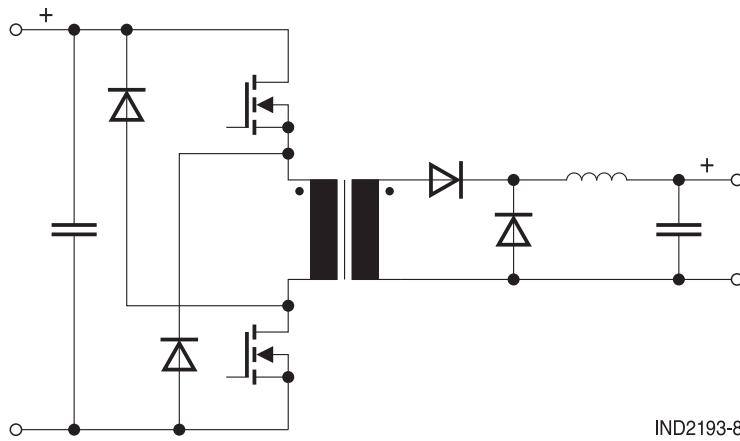


Topology examples

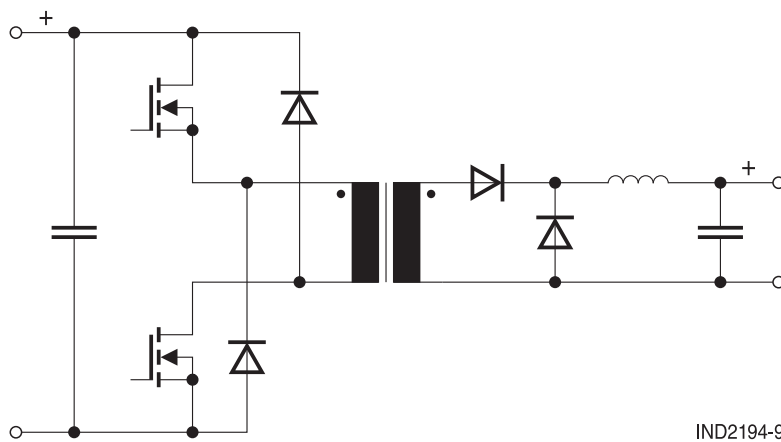
B1) Push Pull



B2) Half Bridge

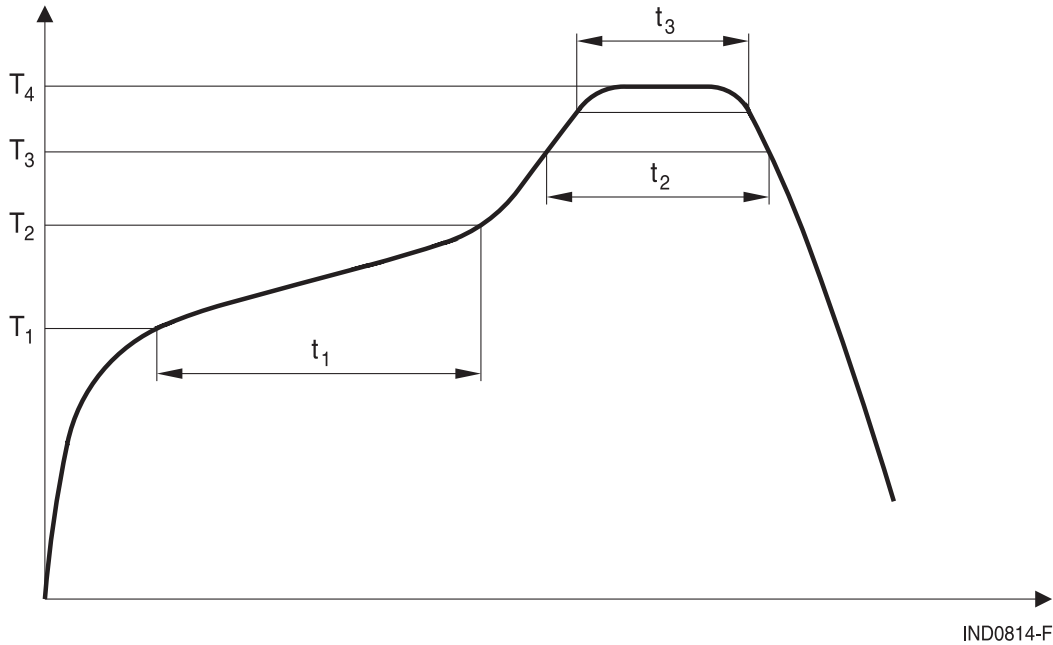


B3) Two switch Forward



Recommended reflow soldering curve

Pb-free solder material (based on JEDEC J-STD 020E)



T_1 °C	T_2 °C	T_3 °C	T_4 °C	t_1 s	t_2 s	t_3 s
150	200	217	245	60 ... 120	60 ... 150	<30 @ $T_4 - 5$ °C

 Time from 25 °C to T_4 : max 480 s

Maximal numbers of reflow cycles: 3

Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition), online catalogs and in the data sheets.
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves, if given. Derating applies in the case the ambient temperature in application exceeds the rated temperature of the component.
 - Ensure the operation temperature of the component in application not to exceed the maximum specified value or the upper climatic category temperature.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. It is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.

Washing processes may damage the product due to the possible static or cyclic mechanical loads (e.g., ultrasonic cleaning). They may cause cracks to develop on the product and its parts, which might lead to reduced reliability or lifetime.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted, sealed, or varnished in customer applications:
 - Many potting, sealing, or varnishing materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting, sealing or varnishing materials used attack or destroy the wire insulation, plastics, or glue.
 - The effect of the potting, sealing, or varnishing materials may change the high-frequency behavior of the components.
- Magnetic core materials such as ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake or lead to breakage of the magnetic core material.
- Any type of tension or pressure on the product may result in damage and affect its functionality and reliability.
 - The products are only to be attached to fixings or mounting holes provided for this purpose in accordance with the data sheet.
 - If additional mechanical forces are applied to the component, e.g., application of gap pads, it is necessary to check whether they attack or destroy any part of the component.
 - It is not permitted for the product specified in the data sheet to assume a mechanical function in the final application.
- Inductance value can drop if external metallic or magnetic parts will be put close to the coil or into the air gap of the coil or core or magnetic material.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.

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